Some Concerns on the new IDNA & IDNA-Bidi Rules

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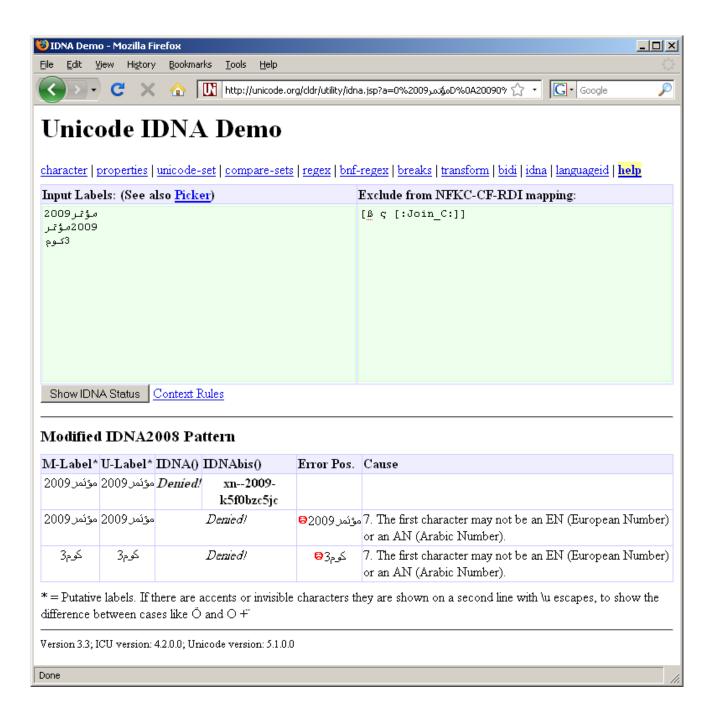
Problem description:

After testing the current IDNA implementation on this link: http://unicode.org/cldr/utility/idna.jsp, we have noticed that some of the domain names that start with a Number or ends with a number (which of course always needed in domain labels) may be blocked from protocol level because of IDNA and/or IDNA-Bidi rules and the reason given was "The first character may not be an EN (European Number) or an AN (Arabic Number)"!

Examples:

| # | Input string (Arabic language using Arabic script) | Display | | | | | | | English translation |
|---|---|--|--------|--|--|------------|------------|--|---------------------|
| 1 | مؤتمر 2009 | Memory Position 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 Character و 0 0 0 9 Blank Page - Microsoft Internet Explorer http://www.2009 a 0 0 0 0 a 0 0 0 0 0 | | | | | | | Confrances2009 |
| 2 | 2009مؤتمر | Memory 0 1 Position Character 2 0 Blank Page - | Micros | 3 4 9 م pft Intern نمر./www | | ت lorer | 7 8 د م | | 2009Confrances |
| 3 | 3کوم | Memory Position Character Blank Page - 1 | | 1 و p ft Inter کوم /www. | | lorer | | | 3Com |

The next figure shows the results of the test for the above "input strings". As it can be seen, the last two input strings (#2 and #3) are denied by the protocol.



To run the same test, please click on the following link:

http://unicode.org/cldr/utility/idna.jsp?a=%D9%85%D8%A4%D8%AA%D9%85%D8%B12009%0D%0A2009%D9%85%D8%A4%D8%AA%D9%85%D8%B1%0D%0A3%D9%83%D9%88%D9%85&f=[%C3%9F+%CF%82+[%3AJoin_C%3A]]

Recommendations:

The new IDNAbis() should be revised to allow the use of digits at the beginning of a label.